## Queen Victoria's

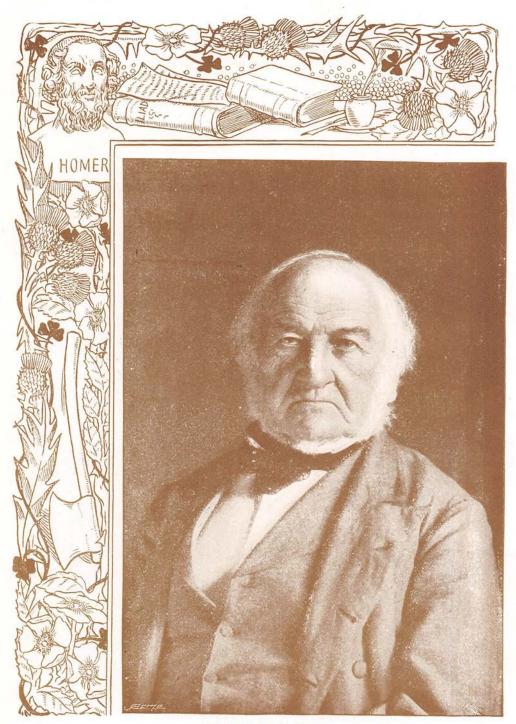
## EMINENT SUBJECTS.

[The selection of the following portraits has been made on the principle of presenting the most famous living representatives of British politics, art, science, literature, law, theology, and philanthropy. In such a portrait gallery various omissions may be explained by the modesty of certain undoubtedly "eminent subjects," and by the difficulty of acquiring recent photographs of others.



THE MARQUIS OF SALISBURY, K.G. PRIME MINISTER OF GREAT BRITAIN AND IRELAND. (Prom a new portrait by Elliett & Fry.)

Born February 3, 1830. Educated at Eton and Christ Church, Oxford. Represented Stamford in the House of Commons, 1853 to 1868, when he succeeded his father in the marquisate. Married in 1857 Georgina, daughter of Sir E. H. Alderson, a Baron of Exchequer. Is Prime Minister for the third time. Has held the office of Foreign Secretary in four Ministries, including the present. Chancellor of the University of Oxford.



RIGHT HON. W. E. GLADSTONE.

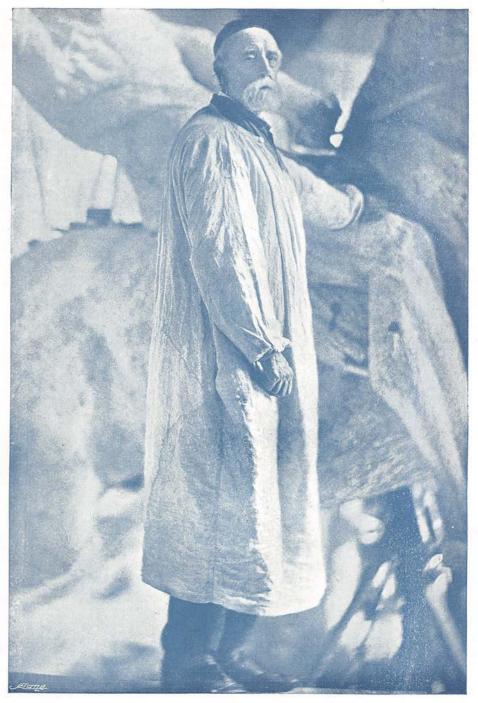
(From a new portrait by Elliott & Fry.)

Born December 29, 1809. Educated at Eton and Christ Church, Oxford. Married in 1839 Catherine Glynne, daughter of Sir Stephen Glynne, of Hawarden Castle. Sat in the House of Commons from 1832 to 1895 as member successively for Newark, Oxford University, South Lancashire, Greenwich, and Midlothian. Four times Prime Minister. A roluminous writer on classics and theology.



MOST REV. FREDERICK TEMPLE, D.D., ARCHBISHOP OF CANTERBURY. (From a new portrait by J. Russell & Sons.)

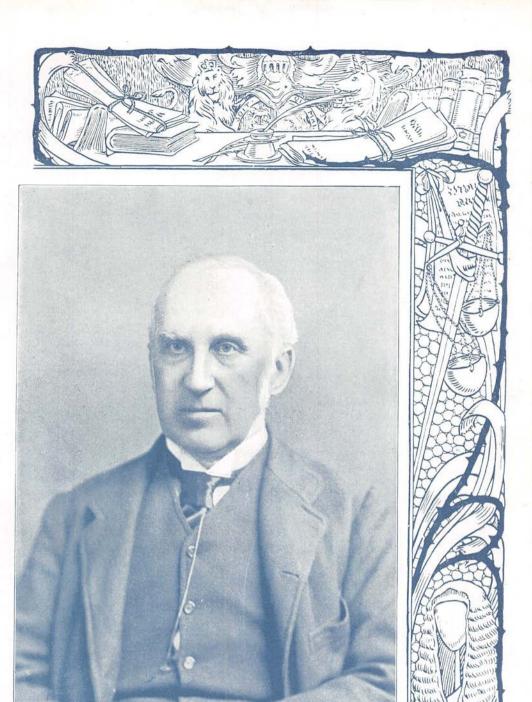
Born in the Ionian Isles, November 30, 1821. Educated at Blundell's School, Tiverton, and at Balliol College, Oxford, becoming Fellow of the latter in 1843. Was appointed Principal of Kneller Hall in 1848. Inspector of Training Colleges for two years previous to election to Headmastership of Rugby School in 1858. Appointed Bishop of Exeter in 1869, amid much controversy: Bishop of London in 1885, and Archbishop of Canterbury in 1897. A witty, somewhat masterful, thoroughly sincere man.



MR. G. F. WATTS, R.A., AT WORK ON HIS STATUE OF "ENERGY."

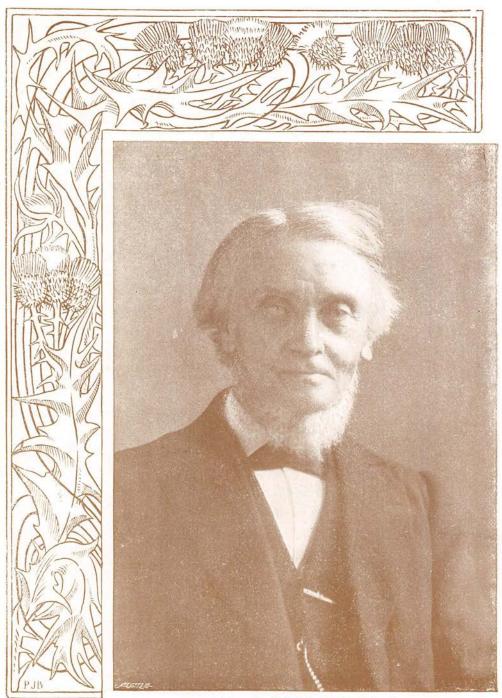
(From a portrait by II. II. II. Cameron.)

Born in 1817. Exhibited his first picture in the Royal Academy at the age of twenty. He was elected R.A. in 1867, and, at his own request, was placed on the retired list in 1896. Has twice declined a baronetcy. Among his most famous pictures are "Love and Death," "Echo," "Hope," "Orpheus and Eurydice." His portraits of eminent contemporaries are unique, and by presenting several of them to the National Portrait Gallery Mr. Watts has conferred a splendid gift upon the nation.



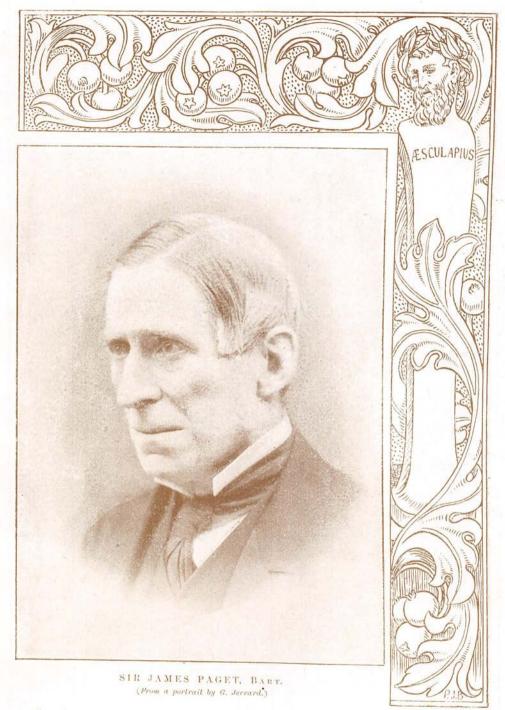
LORD RUSSELL OF KILLOWEN, LORD CHIEF-JUSTICE OF ENGLAND.
(From a portrait by J. Russell & Sons.)

Born November 10, 1832. Educated at Castle Knock College and Trinity College, Dublin. Called to the Bar of Lincoln's Inn in 1859, and "took silk" in 1872. Represented Dundalk in the House of Commons from 1880 to 1885, in the Liberal interest, and South Hackney from 1885 to 1894. Twice held the high affice of Attorney-General. Acted as Counsel for Great Britain in the Behrina Sca Commission. Appointed Lord of Appeal in 1894, and Lord Chi f-Jastice of England in the same year, with a pecrage for life.

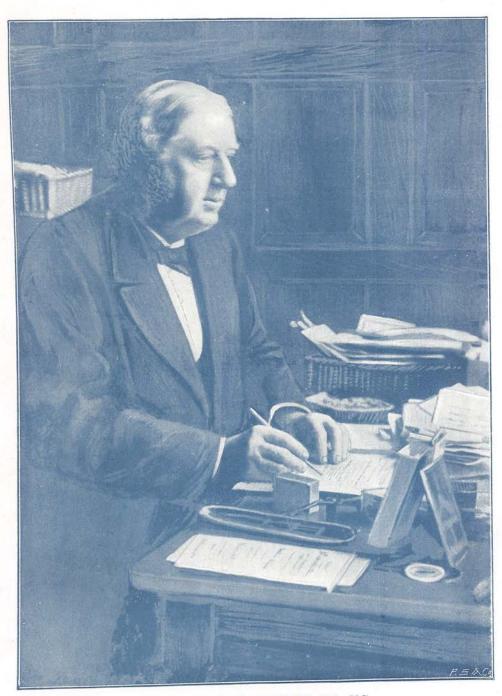


REV. DR. ALEXANDER MACLAREN. (From a portrait by Elliott & Fry.)

Born February 11, 1826. Educated at Glasgow High School, Glasgow University, and Stepney College. Entered Baptist ministry, and for twelve years was pastor of Portland Chapel, Southampton. For the last thirty-nine years has been minister of Union Chapel, Manchester. Is considered the most distinguished Nonconformist preacher of the day. By his many expository volumes and sermons Dr. Maclaren has gained the respect and esteem of theologians in all churches.

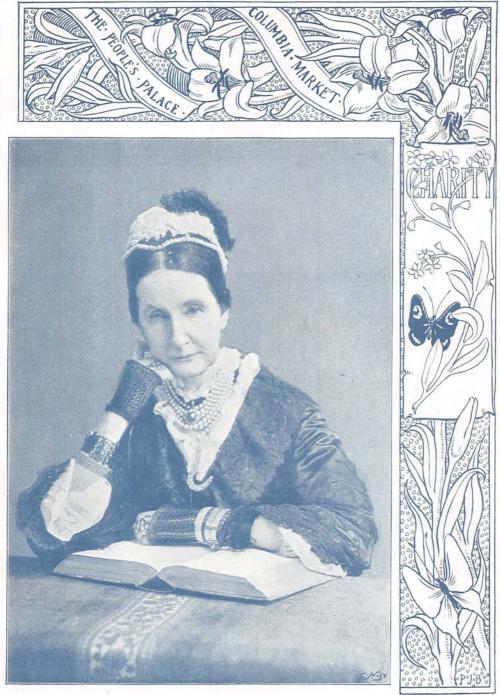


Born January 11, 1814. After receiving medical education at 81. Bartholomew's Hospital, commenced practice in 1837. He soon attained a high reputation as a surgeon, and was appointed Surgeon to the Prince of Wales in 1863, and Serjeant-Surgeon to the Queen fourteen years later. In 1871 he was created a baronet, and in 1875 Sir James became President of the Royal College of Surgeons. For eleven years he was Vice-Chancellor of London University. He is a most charming speaker, and his gift of eloquence has descended to his sons, the Dean of Christ Church and the Vicar of St. Pancras.



RIGHT HON. SIR W. HARCOURT, Q.C., M.P. (From a portrait specially taken by Reginald Haines.)

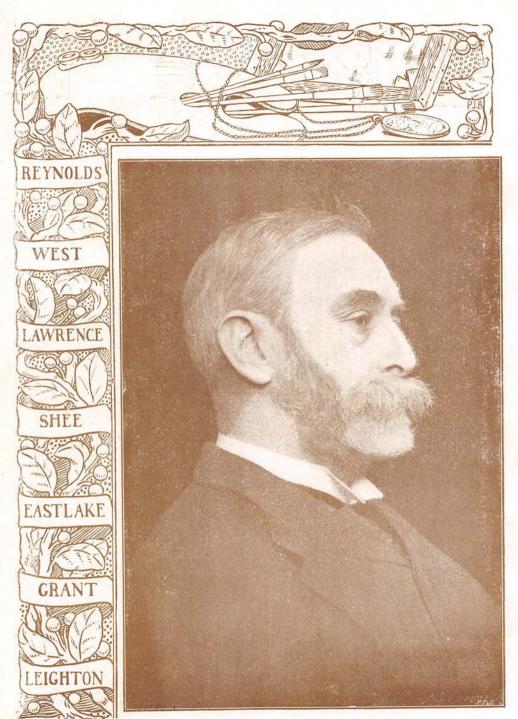
Born 1827. Educated at Trinity College, Cambridge, and was called to the Bar in 1854, taking silk in 1866. Three years later was appointed Whewell Professor of International Law. Represented Oxford in the House of Commons from 1868 to 1880, Derby till 1895, and West Monmouthshire since that date. Was Home Secretary in Mr. Gladstone's second Ministry, and has been twice Chancellor of the Exchequer. Was knighted in 1873. Is Leader of the Liberal party, and one of the ablest speakers of the day.



THE RIGHT HON, BARONESS BURDETT-COUTTS.

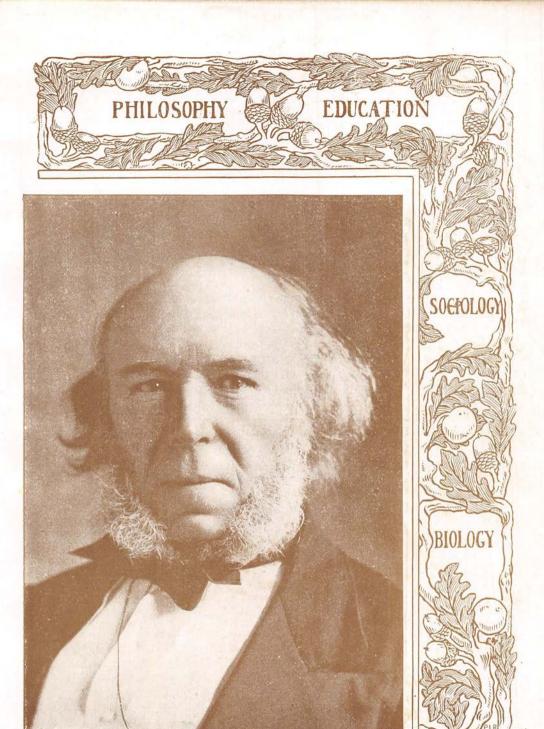
(From a portrait by Elliott & Fry.)

Born April 21, 1814, the daughter of Sir Francis Burdett, Bart., M.P. Assumed additional name of Coutts in 1837, on inheriting an immense property. Married in 1881 Mr. W. L. Ashmead-Bartlett, who took the surname of Burdett-Coutts. Was created a Baroness of the United Kingdom in 1871 as a recognition of her noble philanthropy manifested in many generous gifts.



SIR EDWARD J. POYNTER, P.R.A. (From a new portrait by J. Russell & Sons.)

Born 1836. Educated at Westminster and the Ipswich Grammar School. Elected A.R.A. in 1869, and R.A. in 1876. Has held the offices of Slade Professor, Director of the National Gallery, and Principal of the National Art Training School, South Kensington. Elected President of the Royal Academy in 1896.



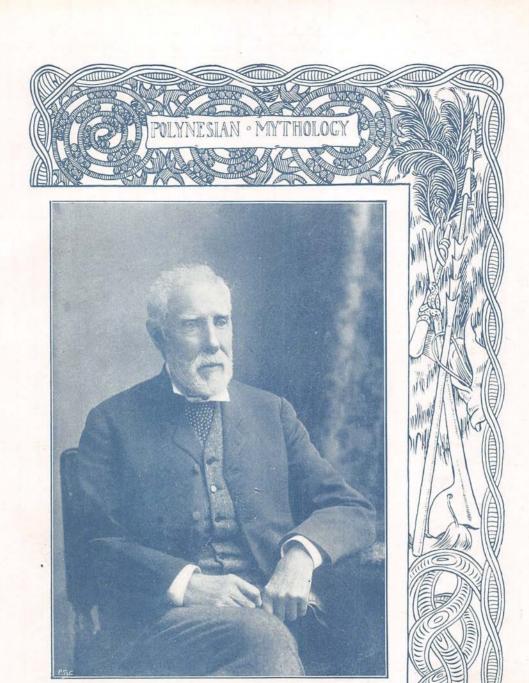
MR. HERBERT SPENCER.
(From a portrait by Elliott & Fry.)

Born at Devby April 27, 1820. Was a civil engineer for nine years; then subeditor of the "Economist" for five years. Has been occupied since 1860 in writing his famous books on "Synthetic Philosophy." Has written also volumes dealing with Social Statics and Education.



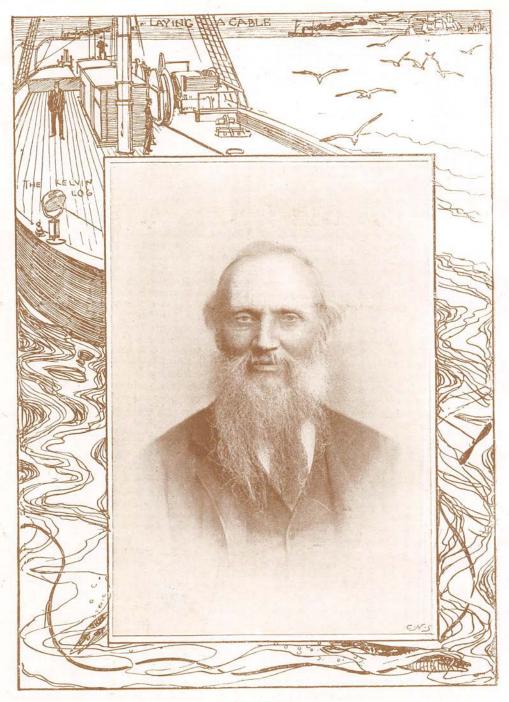
LORD ARMSTRONG.
(From a portrait by W. & D. Downey.)

Born November 26, 1810. Educated at Whickham School, Bishop Auckland. In early life a solicitor in Newcastle. In 1847 founded Elswick Engineering Works. Invented the Armstrong gun and our present system of hydraulics. Received a peerage in 1887 for his scientific services, which had already gained him many foreign decorations.



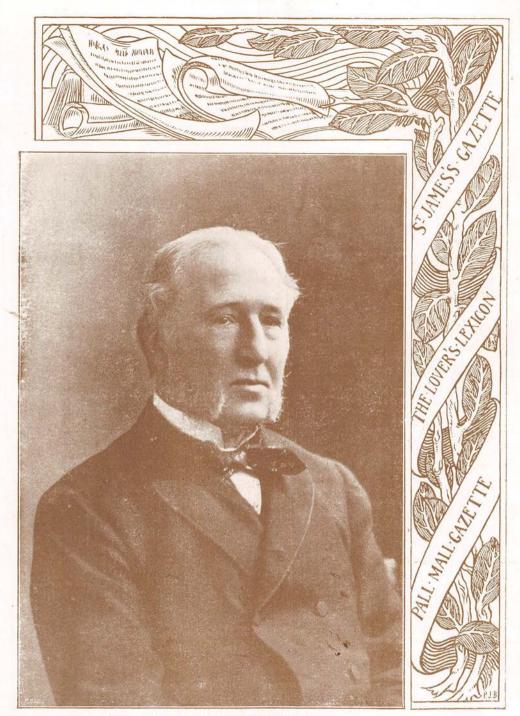
RIGHT HON. SIR GEORGE GREY. (From a portrait by J. Russell & Sons.)

Born 1812, the son of Lieut.-Col. Grey, who fell at Badajos. Educated at Guildford Grammar School and Sandhurst. Entered the army, and when twenty-five years old headed an expedition to explore West Australia. In 1841 he became first Governor of South Australia. For two periods he was Governor of New Zealand, with great advantage to that Colony. Was Governor and Commander-in-Chief of the Cape of Good Hope from 1854 to 1861, and Premier of New Zealand from 1877 to 1891. Has resided latterly in London, honoured by his Queen and country for his invaluable services.



LORD KELVIN. (From a portrait by Elliott & Fry.)

Born in Belfast June 26, 1824. Educated at Glasgow University and St. Peter's College, Cambridge. Was electrician in connection with the laying of the Atlantic cables in 1857 and 1865, and of several other cables. Among his many inventions are those of a mirror galeanometer and siphon recorder, the mariner's compass and navigational sounding machine. Author of numerous able and original contributions to scientific literature. Was knighted in 1866 and raised to the peerage in 1892.



MR. FREDERICK GREENWOOD

(Prom a portrait by J. Russell & Sons.)

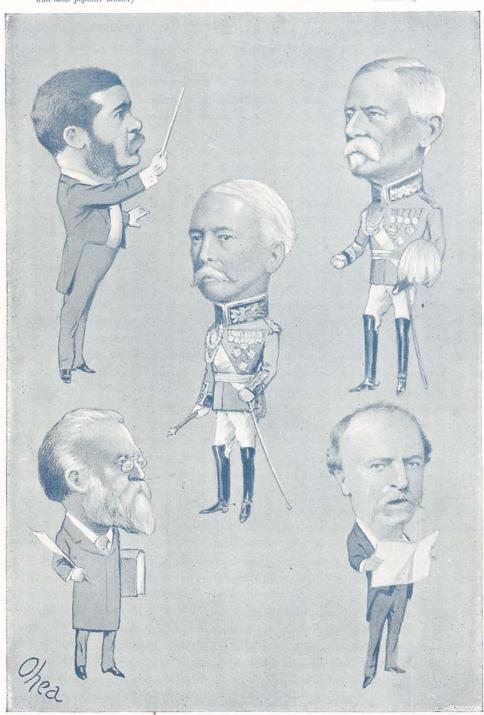
One of the best-known and esteemed of British journalists. Editor of the "Pall Mall Gazette" from 1855 to 1880. Subsequently became first editor of the "St. James's Gazette," Besides writing biographies of Louis Napoleon Bonaparte and Napoleon III, has recently published "The Lover's Lexicon" and "Imagination in Dreams." Is a constant contributor to the Reviews, and exercises considerable influence. Disraeli once said, "When I read an article by Greenwood, I feel I am in the grip of a statesman."

## SIR ARTHUR SULLIVAN.

(Composer of "The Golden Legend,"
"The Lost Chord," "The Mikado,"
and other popular music.)

FIELD-MARSHAL LORD ROBERTS.

(After several years of brilliant military service in India, has become Commander of the forces in Ireland.)



MR. JUSTIN McCARTHY, M.P. (Author of "A History of Our Own Times.")

VISCOUNT WOLSELEY. (Commander-in-Chief of the British Army.)

MR. CHARLES SANTLEY. (Famous baritone singer for the last forty years.)