SOVEREIGNS OF SCOTLAND FROM A.D. 1057 TO THE UNION OF THE CROWNS.

Names.	Began to reign.
Malcolm (*Ceanmohr*)	1057, Apr.
Donald (*Bane*)	1092, Nov.
Duncan	1094, May.
Donald (*Bane*) rest	1095, Nov.
Edgar	1097, Sept.
Alexander I.	1107, Jan. 8
David I.	1124, Apr. 27
Malcolm (*Maiden*)	1153, May 24
William (*The Lion*)	1165, Dec. 9
Alexander II.	1214, Dec. 4
Alexander III	1249, July 8
Margaret	1286, Mar. 19
John (Balliol)	1292, Nov. 17
Robert I. (Bruce)	1306, Mar. 27
David II.	1329, June 7
Robert II. (Stewart)	1371, Feb. 22
Robert III.	1390, Apr. 12
James I.	1406, Apr. 4
James II.	1437, Feb. 20
James III.	1460, Aug. 3
James IV.	1488, June 11
James V.	1513, Sept. 9
Mary	1542, Dec. 16
Francis and Mary	1558, Apr. 24
Mary	1560, Dec. 5
Henry and Mary	1565, July 29
Mary	1567, Feb. 10
James VI. (Ascended the throne of England as James I., March 24th, 1603.)	1567, July 29

WELSH SOVEREIGNS OR PRINCES—A.D. 840 to A.D. 1282.

Roderic the Great	840
Anarawd, son of Roderic	877
Howel Dda, the Good	943
Jefan and Jago	948
Howel ap Jefan, the Bad	972
Cadwallon, his brother	984
Meredith ap Owen ap Howel Dha	985
Idwal ap Meyric ap Edwal Voel	992
Llewelyn ap Sitsylht	1015
Iago ap Idwal ap Meyric	1023
Griffith ap Llewelyn ap Sitsylht. Killed	1039
Bleddyn	1063
Trahaern ap Caradoc	1073
Griffith ap Cynan	1079
Owain Gwynedd	1136
David ap Owain Gwynedd	1169
Llewelyn the Great	1194
David ap Llewelyn	1240
Llewelyn ap Griffith, last Prince, 1246; slain	1282
Edward of Carnarvon, afterwards King Edward II. of England; born	1284
Created Prince of Wales	1301

FRENCH DYNASTIES AND SOVEREIGNS.

The Merovingians.

Clovis, "The Hairy," King of the Salic Franks	428
Childeric III., last of the race	737

The Carlovingians.

Pépin, "The Short," son of Charles Martel	752
Charlemagne, The Great, Emperor of the West	768
Louis V., "The Indolent," last of the race	986

The Capets.

Hugh Capet, "The Great,"	987
Louis IX., "St. Louis"	1226
Charles IV., "The Handsome"	1322

The House of Valois.

Philip VI. de Valois, "The Fortunate"	1328
Henry III., last of the race	1574

The House of Bourbon.

Henry IV., "The Great," King of Navarre	1589
Louis XIII., "The Just"	1610
Louis XIV., "The Great," Dieudonné	1643
Louis XV., "The Well-beloved"	1715
Louis XVI. (guillotined January 21, 1793)	1774
Louis XVII. (never reigned)	1793

The First Republic.

The National Convention first sat	September 21, 1792
The Directory nominated	November 1, 1795

The Consulate.

Bonaparte, Cambacérès, and Lebrun	December 24, 1799
Bonaparte, Consul for 10 years	May 6, 1802
Bonaparte, Consul for Life	August 2, 1802

The Empire.

Napoleon I. decreed Emperor	May 18, 1804
Napoleon II. (never reigned) died	July 22, 1832

The Restoration.

Louis XVIII. re-entered Paris	May 3, 1814
Charles X. (deposed July 30, 1830, died November 6, 1836)	1824
Heir-expectant, Henry, Comte de Chambord	September 29, 1820

The House of Orleans.

Louis Philippe, King of the French (Abdicated February 24, 1848, died August 26, 1850.)	1830
Heir-expectant, Comte de Paris, born	August 24, 1838

The Second Republic.

Provisional Government formed	February 22, 1848
Louis Napoleon elected President	December 19, 1848

The Second Empire.

Napoleon III. elected Emperor (Deposed September 4, 1870, died January 9, 1873.)	November 22, 1852

Third Republic.

Committee of Public Defence	September 4, 1870
L. A. Thiers elected President	August 31, 1871
Marshal MacMahon elected President	May 24, 1873
Jules Grévy elected President	January 30, 1879

PRESIDENTS OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.

Declaration of Independence	July 4, 1776
General Washington first President	1789 and 1793
John Adams	1797
Thomas Jefferson	1801 and 1805
James Madison	1809 and 1813
James Monroe	1817 and 1821
John Quincy Adams	1825
General Andrew Jackson	1829 and 1833
Martin Van Buren	1837
General William Henry Harrison (died April 4)	1841
John Tyler (elected as Vice-President)	1841
James Knox Polk	1845
General Zachary Taylor (died July 9, 1850)	1849
Millard Fillmore (elected as Vice-President)	1850
General Franklin Pierce	1853
James Buchanan	1857
Abraham Lincoln (assassinated April 14, 1865)	1861 and 1865
Andrew Johnson (elected as Vice-President)	1865
General Ulysses S. Grant	1869 and 1873
Rutherford B. Hayes	1877
James A. Garfield	1881
Chester A. Arthur	1881

Population in 1776, including slaves, 2,614,300. Population in 1880, all free, 48,632,218.

THE BRITISH HOUSE OF COMMONS

Consists at present of—Liberals, 344; Conservatives, 236; Home Rulers, 60.

The English House of Commons, at the time of the Union with Scotland, in 1707, consisted of 513 members; 45 were then added for Scotland, and in 1801, 100 for Ireland, making the total of 658. This total number was preserved by the first Reform Act (1832), as well as by the recent one (30 and 31, Vict. cap. 102), but in each case the apportionment was altered, and it now stands—England and Wales, 493 members; Scotland, 60; and Ireland, 105. By the Reform Act of 1867, 11 English boroughs were totally disfranchised, and 23 others lost 1 member each; but 25 seats were bestowed on new boroughs and universities, and 28 on counties. Four boroughs, with 6 seats, have since been disfranchised for corrupt practices, viz., Beverley, Bridgewater, Sligo, and Cashel, and, in eight others, representing 12 seats, the writs are suspended, making the present number of sitting members 640.