

THE NEW REFORM ACT.

The Act of 1867 further to amend the laws relating to the representation of the people in England and Wales, cap. 102.

1. This Act shall be cited for all purposes as "The Representation of the People Act, 1867."

2. This Act shall not apply to Scotland or Ireland, nor in anywise affect the election of members to serve in Parliament for the Universities of Oxford and Cambridge.

PART I.—FRANCHISES.

3. Every man shall, in and after the year 1868, be entitled to be registered as a voter, and, when registered, to vote for a member or members to serve in Parliament for a borough, who is qualified as follows (that is to say): 1. Is of full age, and not subject to any legal incapacity; and 2. Is on the last day of July in any year, and has during the whole of the preceding twelve calendar months, been an inhabitant occupier, as owner or tenant, of any dwelling-house within the borough; and 3. Has, during the time of such occupation, been rated as an ordinary occupier in respect of the premises so occupied by him within the borough at all rates (if any) made for the relief of the poor in respect of such premises; and 4. Has, on or before July 20 in the same year, bona fide paid an equal amount in the pound to that payable by other ordinary occupiers in respect of all poor rates that have become payable by him in respect of the said premises up to the preceding 5th of January: Provided that no man shall under this section be entitled to be registered as a voter by reason of his being a joint occupier of any dwelling-house.

4. Every man shall, in and after the year 1868, be entitled to be registered as a voter, and, when registered, to vote for a member or members to serve in Parliament for a borough who is qualified as follows (that is to say): 1. Is of full age and not subject to any legal incapacity; and 2. As a lodger has occupied in the same borough separately and as sole tenant for the twelve months preceding the last day of July in any year the same lodgings, such lodgings being part of one and the same dwelling-house, and of a clear yearly value, if let unfurnished, of £10 or upwards; and 3. Has resided in such lodgings during the twelve months immediately preceding the last day of July, and has claimed to be registered as a voter at the next ensuing registration of voters.

5. Every man shall, in and after the year 1868, be entitled to be registered as a voter, and, when registered, to vote for a member or members to serve in Parliament for a county, who is qualified as follows (that is to say): 1. Is of full age, and not subject to any legal incapacity, and is seised at law or in equity of any lands or tenements of freehold, copyhold, or any other tenure whatever, for his own life, or for the life of another, or for any lives whatsoever, or for any larger estate of the clear yearly value of not less than £5 over and above all rents and charges payable out of or in respect of the same, or who is entitled, either as lessee or assignee, to any lands or tenements of freehold or of any other tenure whatever, for the unexpired residue, whatever it may be, of any term originally created for a period of not less than sixty years (whether determinable on a life or lives or not), of the clear yearly value of not less than £5 over and above all rents and charges payable out of or in respect of the same: provided that no person shall be registered as a voter under this section unless he has complied with the provisions of the twenty-sixth section of the Act of the second year of the reign of his Majesty William IV., cap. 45.

6. Every man shall, in and after the year 1868, be entitled to be registered as a voter, and, when registered, to vote for a member or members to serve in Parliament for a county, who is qualified as follows (that is to say): 1. Is of full age, and not subject to any legal incapacity; and 2. Is on the last day of July in any year, and has during the twelve months immediately preceding been, the occupier, as owner or tenant, of lands or tenements within the county of the rateable value of twelve pounds or upwards; and 3. Has during the time of such occupation been rated in respect to the premises so occupied by him to all rates (if any) made for the relief of the poor in respect of the said premises; and 4. Has on or before July 20 in the same year paid all poor rates that have become payable by him in respect of the said premises up to the preceding 5th of January.

7. Where the owner is rated at the time of the passing of this Act to the poor rate in respect of a dwelling-house or other tenement situate in a parish wholly or partly in a borough, instead of the occupier, his liability to be rated in any future poor rate shall cease, and the following enactments shall take effect with respect to rating in all boroughs:—1. After the passing of this Act no owner of any dwelling-house or other tenement situate in a parish either wholly or partly within a borough shall be rated to the poor rate instead of the occupier, except as hereinafter mentioned. 2. The full rateable value of every dwelling-house or other separate tenement, and the full rate in the pound payable by the occupier, and the name of the occupier, shall be entered in the rate-book. Where the dwelling-house or tenement shall be wholly let out in apartments or lodgings not separately rated, the owner of such dwelling-house or tenement shall be rated in respect thereof to the poor rate. Provided as follows:—1. That nothing in this Act contained shall affect any composition existing at the time of the passing of this Act, so nevertheless that no such composition shall remain in force beyond Sept. 29 next. 2. That nothing herein contained shall affect any rate made previously to the passing of this Act, and the powers conferred by any subsisting Act for the purpose of collecting and recovering a poor rate shall remain and continue in force for the collection and recovery of any such rate or composition. 3. That where the occupier under a tenancy subsisting at the time of the passing of this Act of any dwelling-house or other tenement which has been let to him free from rates is rated and has paid rates in pursuance of this Act, he may deduct from any rent due or accruing due from him in respect of the said dwelling-house or other tenement any amount paid by him on account of the rates to which he may be rendered liable by this Act.

8. Where any occupier of a dwelling-house or other tenement (for which the owner at the time of the passing of this Act is rated or is liable to be rated) would be entitled to be registered as an occupier in pursuance of this Act at the first registration of Parliamentary voters to be made after the year 1867 if he had been rated to the poor rate for the whole of the required period, such occupier shall, notwithstanding he may not have been rated prior to Sept. 29, 1867, as an ordinary occupier, be entitled to be registered, subject to the following conditions:—1. That he has been duly rated as an ordinary occupier to all poor rates in respect of the premises after the liability of the owner to be rated to the poor rate has ceased, under the provisions of this Act. 2. That he has on or before July 20, 1868, paid all poor rates which have become payable by him as an ordinary occupier in respect of the premises up to the preceding 5th of January.

9. At a contested election for any county or borough represented by three members no person shall vote for more than two candidates.

10. At a contested election for the city of London no person shall vote for more than three candidates.

11. No elector who within six months before or during any election for any county or borough shall have been retained, hired, or employed for all or any of the purposes of the election for reward by or on behalf of any candidate at such election as agent, canvasser, clerk, messenger, or in other like employment, shall be entitled to vote at such election, and if he shall so vote he shall be guilty of a misdemeanour.

12. Whereas, upon representations made to her Majesty in joint addresses of both Houses of Parliament to the effect that the Select Committees of the House of Commons appointed to try the petitions complaining of undue elections and returns for the boroughs of Totnes, Reigate, Great Yarmouth, and Lancaster had reason to believe that corrupt practices had extensively prevailed at the last elections for the said boroughs, commissioners were appointed for the purpose of making inquiry into the existence of such corrupt practices, in pursuance of the Act of Parliament passed in the sixteenth year of the reign of her present Majesty, cap. 57, intitled "An Act to provide for the more effectual inquiry into the existence of corrupt practices at elections for members to serve in Parliament." And, whereas, the commissioners so appointed reported to her Majesty as follow:—1. As respects the said borough of Totnes, that at every election for the said borough since and including the election in the year 1857 corrupt practices had extensively prevailed. 2. As respects the said borough of Reigate, that bribery and treating had prevailed at the election in the year 1859, and had extensively prevailed at the two elections in the year 1858, and at the elections in the years 1863 and 1865. 3. As respects the said borough of Great Yarmouth, that corrupt and illegal practices had extensively prevailed at the elections in the years 1859 and 1865. 4. As respects the said borough of Lancaster, that corrupt practices had extensively prevailed at the election in the year 1865, and, with rare exceptions, had for a long time prevailed at contested elections for members to serve in Parliament for that borough. Be it enacted, that from and after the end of this present Parliament the boroughs of Totnes, Reigate, Great Yarmouth, and Lancaster shall respectively cease to return any member or members to serve in Parliament.

13. Whereas the commissioners appointed under a commission of her Majesty, dated June 16, 1866, for the purpose of making inquiry into the existence of corrupt practices in the borough of Totnes, have by their report, dated Jan. 29, 1867, reported to her Majesty that the persons named in schedules (I) and (K) to the said report annexed had been guilty of giving or receiving bribes. Be it enacted, that none of the persons so named in the said schedules shall have the right of voting for the southern division of the county of Devon in respect of a qualification situated within the said borough of Totnes.

14. Whereas the commissioners appointed under a commission of her Majesty, dated June 6, 1866, for the purpose of making inquiry into the existence of corrupt practices in the borough of Great Yarmouth, have by their report, dated Dec. 20, 1866, reported to her Majesty that the persons named in schedules (A) and (B) to the said report annexed had been guilty of giving or receiving bribes: be it enacted, that none of the persons so named in the said schedules shall have the right of voting for the north-eastern division of the county of Norfolk, or the eastern division of the county of Suffolk, in respect of a qualification situated within the borough of Great Yarmouth.

15. Whereas the commissioners appointed under a commission of her Majesty, dated June 16, 1866, for the purpose of making inquiry into the existence of corrupt practices in the borough of Lancaster, have by their report reported to her Majesty that certain persons had been guilty of giving or receiving bribes: it enacted, that none of the said persons appearing by the schedules marked (A) and (B) to the said report annexed to have been bribed, or as bribing and treating, shall have the right of voting for the northern division of the county of Lancaster in respect of a qualification situated within the said borough of Lancaster.

16. Whereas the commissioners appointed under a commission of her Majesty, dated June 16, 1866, for the purpose of making inquiry into the existence of corrupt practices in the borough of Reigate, by their report, dated Feb. 2, 1867, reported to her Majesty that the persons named in schedules (A), (B), and (C) had been guilty of giving or receiving bribes: be it enacted, that none of the said persons so named in the said schedules, and appearing thereby to have been so guilty in the election which took place in the year 1865, shall have the right of voting for the division of Mid Surrey in respect of a qualification situated within the borough of Reigate.

PART II.—DISTRIBUTION OF SEATS.

17. From and after the end of this present Parliament, no borough which had a less population than 10,000 at the Census of 1851 shall return more than one member to serve in Parliament, such boroughs being enumerated in schedule (A) to this Act annexed.

18. From and after the end of this present Parliament, the city of Manchester, and the boroughs of Liverpool, Birmingham, and Leeds, shall each respectively return three members to serve in Parliament.

19. Each of the places named in schedule (B) to this Act annexed shall be a borough, and, until otherwise directed by Parliament, each such borough shall comprise such places as are specified and described in connection with the name of each such borough in the said schedule (B); and in all future Parliaments the borough of Chelsea, named in the said schedule, shall return two members, and each of the other boroughs named in the said schedule shall return one member to serve in Parliament.

20. Registers of voters shall be formed in and after the year 1868, notwithstanding the continuance of this present Parliament, for or in respect of the boroughs constituted by this Act, in like manner as if before the passing of this Act they respectively had been boroughs returning members to serve in Parliament.

21. From and after the end of the present Parliament, the boroughs of Merthyr Tydfil and Salford shall each return two members instead of one to serve in future Parliaments: and the borough of the Tower Hamlets shall be divided into two divisions, and each division shall in all future Parliaments be a separate borough, returning two members to serve in Parliament. The said divisions shall be known by the name of the borough of Hackney and the borough of the Tower Hamlets, and, until otherwise directed by Parliament, shall comprise the places mentioned in connection with each such borough in schedule (C) hereto annexed.

22. Registers of voters shall be formed in and after the year 1868, notwithstanding the continuance of this present Parliament, in respect of the said boroughs of Hackney and of the Tower Hamlets constituted under this Act, in like manner as if such divisions had previously to the passing of this Act been separate boroughs returning members to serve in Parliament.

23. From and after the end of the present Parliament, each county named

in the first column of schedule (D) to this Act annexed shall be divided into the divisions named in the second column of the said schedule, and, until otherwise directed by Parliament, each of such divisions shall consist of the hundreds, lathes, wapentakes, and places mentioned in the third column of the said schedule. In all future Parliaments there shall be two members to serve for each of the divisions specified in the said second column, and such members shall be chosen in the same manner, and by the same description of voters, and in respect of the same rights of voting, as if each such division were a separate county. All enactments relating to divisions of counties returning members to serve in Parliament shall be deemed to apply to the divisions constituted as aforesaid. Registers of voters shall be formed in and after the year 1868, notwithstanding the continuance of this present Parliament for or in respect of the divisions of counties constituted by this Act, in like manner as if before the passing of this Act they had respectively been counties returning members to serve in Parliament.

24. In all future Parliaments the University of London shall return one member to serve in Parliament.

25. Every man whose name is for the time being on the register of graduates constituting the convocation of the University of London shall, if of full age, and not subject to any legal incapacity, be entitled to vote in the election of a member to serve in any future Parliament for the said University.

PART III.—SUPPLEMENTAL PROVISION.

INCIDENTS OF FRANCHISE.

26. Different premises occupied in immediate succession by any person as owner or tenant during the twelve calendar months next previous to the last day of July in any year shall, unless and except as herein is otherwise provided, have the same effect in qualifying such person to vote for a county or borough as a continued occupation of the same premises in the manner herein provided.

27. In a county where premises are in the joint occupation of several persons as owners or tenants, and the aggregate rateable value of such premises is such as would, if divided amongst the several occupiers, so far as the value is concerned, confer on each of them a vote, then each of such joint occupiers shall, if otherwise qualified, and subject to the conditions of this Act, be entitled to be registered as a voter, and when registered to vote at an election for the county: provided always that not more than two persons, being such joint occupiers, shall be entitled to be registered in respect of such premises, unless they shall have derived the same by descent, succession, marriage, marriage settlement, or devise, or unless they shall be bonâ fide engaged as partners carrying on trade or business thereon.

28. Where any poor rate due on Jan. 5 in any year from an occupier in respect of premises capable of conferring the franchise for a borough remains unpaid on June 1 following, the overseers whose duty it may be to collect such rate shall, on or before the 20th of the same month of June, unless such rate has previously been paid, or has been duly demanded by a demand note, to be served in like manner as the notice in this section referred to, give or cause to be given a notice in the form set forth in schedule (E) to this Act to every such occupier. The notice shall be deemed to be duly given if delivered to the occupier or left at his last or usual place of abode, or with some person on the premises in respect of which the rate is payable. Any overseer who shall wilfully withhold such notice, with intent to keep such occupier off the list or register of voters for the said borough, shall be deemed guilty of a breach of duty in the execution of the Registration Acts.

29. The overseers of every parish wholly or partly within a borough shall, on or before July 22 in every year, make out a list containing the name and place of abode of every person who shall not have paid, on or before the 20th of the same month, all poor rates which shall have become payable from him in respect of any premises within the said parish before Jan. 5 then last past, and the overseer shall keep the said list, to be perused by any person, without payment of any fee, at any time between the hours of ten in the forenoon and four in the afternoon of any day except Sunday during the first fourteen days after the said 22nd day of July; any overseer wilfully neglecting or refusing to make out such list, or to allow the same to be perused as aforesaid, shall be deemed guilty of a breach of duty in the execution of the Registration Acts.

REGISTRATION OF VOTERS.

30. The following regulations shall in and after the year 1868 be observed with respect to the registration of voters:—1. The overseers of every parish or township shall make out or cause to be made out a list of all persons on whom a right to vote for a county in respect of the occupation of premises is conferred by this Act, in the same manner, and subject to the same regulations, as nearly as circumstances admit, in and subject to which the overseers of parishes and townships in boroughs are required by the Registration Acts to make out or cause to be made out a list of all persons entitled to vote for a member or members for a borough in respect of the occupation of premises of a clear yearly value of not less than £10. 2. The claim of every person desirous of being registered as a voter for a member or members to serve for any borough in respect of the occupation of lodgings shall be in the form numbered 1. in schedule (G), or to the like effect, and shall have annexed thereto a declaration in the form and to be certified in the manner in the said schedule mentioned, or as near thereto as circumstances admit; and every such claim shall after the last day of July and on or before Aug. 25 in any year be delivered to the overseers of the parish in which such lodgings shall be situate, and the particulars of such claim shall be duly published by such overseers on or before Sept. 1 next ensuing in a separate list, according to the form numbered 2. in the said schedule (G); so much of sec. 18 of the Act of the Session of the sixth year of the reign of her present Majesty, cap. 18, as relates to the manner of publishing the lists of claimants, and to the delivery of copies thereof to persons requiring the same, shall apply to every such claim and list; and all the provisions of the 38th and 39th secs. of the same Act with respect to the proof of the claims of persons omitted from the list of voters, and to objections thereto, and to the hearing thereof, shall, so far as the same are applicable, apply to claims and objections, and to the hearing thereof, under this section.

31. The word "expenses" contained in the secs. 54 and 55 of the said Registration Act of the Session of the sixth year of the reign of her present Majesty, cap. 18, shall be deemed to and shall include and apply to all proper and reasonable fees and charges of any clerk of the peace of any county, or of any town clerk of any city or borough, to be hereafter made or charged by him in any year for his trouble, care, and attention in the performance of the services and duties imposed upon him by the same Act or by this Act, in addition to any money actually paid or disbursed by him for or in respect of any such services or duties as aforesaid.

32. Whereas several of the hundreds mentioned in the third column of the said schedule (D), and therein assigned to Mid Lincolnshire, are situate in the parts of Lindsey, and others are situate in the parts of Kesteven, and the liberty of Lincoln consisting of the city and the county of the city of Lincoln is situate partly in the parts of Lindsey and partly in the parts of Kesteven, and there are separate clerks of the peace for the said parts of Lindsey and Kesteven: in forming the register for the said division of Mid Lincolnshire the clerk of the peace of the parts of Lindsey shall do and perform all such duties as are by law required to be done by clerks of the peace in regard to such of the hundreds assigned to Mid Lincolnshire as aforesaid as are situate within the said parts of Lindsey, and in regard to so much of the liberty of Lincoln aforesaid as is situate within the said parts of Lindsey; and the clerk of the peace of the parts of Kesteven shall do and perform all such duties as are by law required to be done by clerks of the peace in regard to such of the said hundreds assigned to Mid Lincolnshire as aforesaid as are situate within the said parts of Kesteven, and in regard to so much of the liberty of Lincoln aforesaid as is situate within the said parts of Kesteven.

PLACES FOR ELECTION, AND POLLING PLACES.

33. The court for the election of members for each of the divisions mentioned in the second column of the said schedule (D) shall be held at the places named for that purpose in the fourth column of the same schedule.

34. In every county the justices of the peace having jurisdiction therein or in the larger part thereof, assembled at some court of general or quarter sessions, or at some adjournment thereof, held after the passing of this Act, may, if they think convenient requires it, divide such county into polling districts, and assign to each district a polling place, in such manner as to enable each voter, so far as practicable, to have a polling place within a convenient distance of his residence; and the justices shall advertise, in such manner as they think fit, a description of the polling districts so constituted by them, and the name of the polling place assigned to each district, and shall name the polling places at which the revising barristers are to hold their courts, and no revising barrister shall be obliged to hold his courts at any polling places not so named: provided that the justices of the peace for the Isle of Ely, assembled as aforesaid, shall carry into effect the provisions of this section so far as regards the said Isle of Ely; but nothing herein contained shall affect the powers conferred by any other Act of Parliament of altering polling place or polling districts, or of creating additional polling places or districts:—The local authority of every borough shall if they think convenient requires it, as soon as may be after the passing of this Act, divide such borough into polling districts, and the returning officer shall in the case of a contested election provide at least one booth or room for taking the poll in each polling district; and in cases where a Parliamentary borough is constituted of two or more towns the distance between two of which shall exceed two miles, there shall be provided a booth or room for taking the poll in each of such towns. Where any parish in a borough is divided into or forms part of more than one polling district, the overseers shall, so far as practicable, make out the lists of voters in such manner as to divide the names in conformity with each polling district. The town clerk, as defined by the Act of the sixth Vic., cap. 18, shall cause the list of voters for each borough to be copied, printed, arranged, and signed, and delivered in the manner directed by the said Act, so as to correspond with the division of the borough into polling districts. A description of the polling districts made or altered in pursuance of this Act shall be advertised by the local authority in such manner as they think fit, and notice of the situation, division, and allotment of the polling-booth or place for each district shall be given in manner now required by law. The local authority shall mean in every municipal borough, and in every borough any part of which forms a municipal borough, the town council of such borough, and in other boroughs the justices of the peace acting for such borough, or if there be no such justices then the justices acting for the division of the county in which such borough or the greater part thereof is situate; and in cases where a Parliamentary borough is constituted by the combination of two or more municipal boroughs, then the local authority shall mean the town council of that municipal borough in which the nomination takes place. The local authority may from time to time alter any districts made by them under this Act.

35. When by virtue of the powers conferred by any other Act of Parliament polling places or polling districts are altered, or additional polling places or districts are created, it shall not be necessary that any declaration, direction, or order made as therein provided be published in the *London Gazette*, but the same shall be advertised by the justices in such manner as they shall think fit, and when so advertised shall have the same force and effect as if the same had been published in the *London Gazette*.

36. It shall not be lawful for any candidate, or anyone on his behalf, at any election for any borough, except the several boroughs of East Retford, Shorcham, Cricklade, Much Wenlock, and Aylesbury, to pay any money on account of the conveyance of any voter to the poll, either to the voter himself or to any other person; and if any such candidate, or any person on his behalf, shall pay any money on account of the conveyance of any voter to the poll, such payment shall be deemed to be an illegal payment within the meaning of "The Corrupt Practices Prevention Act, 1854."

37. At every contested election for any county or borough, unless some building or place belonging to the county or borough is provided for that purpose, the returning officer shall, whenever it is practicable so to do, instead of erecting a booth, hire a building or room for the purpose of taking the poll. Where in any place there is any room the expenses of maintaining which is payable out of any rates levied in such place, such room may, with the consent of the person or corporation having the control over the same, be used for the purpose of taking the poll at such place.

38. The 47th and 48th secs. of the Act of the sixth year of the reign of her present Majesty, cap. 18, relating to the transmission and delivery of the book or books containing the list of voters to the sheriff and returning officer, shall be construed as if the word "December" were substituted in those sections for the word "November," and the said book or books shall be the register of persons entitled to vote for the county or borough to which such register relates at any election which takes place during the year commencing on Jan. 1 next after such register is made, and the register of electors in force at the time of the passing of this Act shall be the register in force until Jan. 1, 1868.

39. The oath to be taken by a poll clerk shall hereafter be in the following form:—"I, A.B., do hereby swear that I will truly and indifferently take the poll at the election of members to serve in Parliament for the (borough or county) of _____."

Every person for the time being by law permitted to make a solemn affirmation or declaration instead of taking an oath may, instead of taking the

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THE ILLUSTRATED LONDON ALMANACK FOR 1868.

oath hereby appointed, make a solemn affirmation in the form of the oath hereby appointed, substituting the words "solemnly, sincerely, and truly declare and affirm" for the word "swear," and omitting the words "so help me God."

40. The 36th sec. of the Act of the second year of King William IV., cap. 45, disqualifying persons in receipt of parochial relief from being registered as voters for a borough, shall apply to a county also, and the said section shall be construed as if the word "county" were inserted therein before the word "city;" and the overseers of every parish shall omit from the list made out by them of persons entitled to vote for the borough and county in which such parish is situate the names of all persons who have received parochial relief within twelve calendar months next previous to the last day of July in the year in which the list is made out.

ELECTION IN UNIVERSITY OF LONDON.

41. The Vice-Chancellor of the University of London shall be the returning officer for such University, and the writ for any election of a member to serve in Parliament for such University shall be directed to such Vice-Chancellor.

42. The Vice-Chancellor of the University of London shall proceed to election, in pursuance of any writ to be directed to him as herein before mentioned, within six days after the receipt of such writ, giving three clear days' notice of the day and place of election, exclusive of the day of proclamation and the day of election; and the Vice-Chancellor shall after such election certify the same, together with such writ, according to the directions thereof.

43. At every contested election of a member or members to serve in Parliament for the University of London the polling shall commence at eight o'clock in the morning of the day next following the day fixed for the election, and may continue for not more than five days (Sunday, Christmas Day, Ascension Day, and Good Friday being excluded), but no poll shall be kept open later than four o'clock in the afternoon.

44. At every election of a member to serve in Parliament for the University of London the Vice-Chancellor shall appoint the polling place, and also shall have power to appoint two or more pro-Vice-Chancellors, any one of whom may receive the votes and decide upon all questions during the absence of such Vice-Chancellor; and such Vice-Chancellor shall have power to appoint poll clerks and other officers, by one or more of whom the votes may be entered in the poll-book, or such number of poll-books as may be judged necessary by such Vice-Chancellor; and such Vice-Chancellor shall, not later than two o'clock in the afternoon of the day next following the close of the poll, openly declare the state of the poll and make proclamation of the member chosen.

45. All the provisions of an Act passed in the 24th and 25th years of her present Majesty, entitled an Act to provide that votes of elections for the Universities may be recorded by means of voting-papers, shall apply to every election of a member for the University of London.

46. So much of the 27th and 32nd secs. of the Act of the second year of the reign of King William IV., cap. 45, and of the 79th sec. of the Act of the sixth year of the reign of her present Majesty, cap. 18, as relates to the residence of electors within seven miles of any city or borough, shall be repealed in respect to electors otherwise qualified to be registered and to vote for members to serve in Parliament for the city of London: provided always that no person shall be registered as an elector for the said city unless he shall have resided for six calendar months next previous to the last day of July in any year, nor be entitled to vote at any election for the said city unless he shall have ever since the last day of July in the year in which his name was inserted in the register then in force have resided, and at the time of voting shall have continued to reside, within the said city, or within twenty-five miles thereof or any part thereof.

MISCELLANEOUS.

47. In any borough named in schedules (B) and (C) to this Act annexed which is or includes a municipal borough, the Mayor of such municipal borough shall be the returning officer, and in the other cases the returning officer shall be appointed in the same manner as if such places were included amongst the boroughs mentioned in schedules (C) and (D) of the Act of the second year of his late Majesty William IV., cap. 45, for which no persons are mentioned in such schedules as returning officers.

48. The following persons—that is to say, the Right Honourable Lord Viscount Eversley, the Right Honourable Russell Gurney, Sir John Thomas Buller Duckworth, Baronet; Sir Francis Crossley, Baronet; and John Walter, Esquire—of whom not less than three shall be a quorum, shall be appointed Boundary Commissioners for England and Wales, and they shall, immediately after the passing of this Act, proceed by themselves, or by Assistant Commissioners appointed by them, to inquire into the temporary boundaries of every borough constituted by this Act, with power to suggest such alterations therein as they may deem expedient. They shall also inquire into the boundaries of every other borough in England and Wales, except such boroughs as are wholly disfranchised by this Act, with a view to ascertain whether the boundaries should be enlarged, so as to include within the limits of the borough all premises which ought, due regard being had to situation or other local circumstances, to be included therein for the purpose of conferring upon the occupiers thereof the Parliamentary franchise for such borough. They shall also inquire into the divisions of counties as constituted by this Act, and as to the places appointed for holding courts for the election of members for such divisions, with a view to ascertain whether, having regard to the natural and legal divisions of each county, and the distribution of the population therein, any and what alterations should be made in such divisions or places. The said Commissioners shall, with all practicable dispatch, report to one of her Majesty's principal Secretaries of State upon the several matters in this section referred to them, and their report shall be laid before Parliament. The Commissioners and Assistant Commissioners so appointed shall give notice, by public advertisement, of their intention to visit such counties and boroughs, and shall appoint a time for receiving the statements of any persons who may be desirous of giving information as to the boundaries or other local circumstances of such counties and boroughs, and the said Commissioners or Assistant Commissioners shall by personal inspection, and such other means as the Commissioners shall think necessary, possess themselves of such information as will enable the Commissioners to make such report as herein mentioned.

49. Any person, either directly or indirectly, corruptly paying any rate on behalf of any ratepayer for the purpose of enabling him to be registered as a voter, thereby to influence his vote at any future election, and any candidate or other person, either directly or indirectly, paying any rate on behalf of any voter for the purpose of inducing him to vote or refrain from voting, shall be guilty of bribery, and be punishable accordingly; and any person on whose behalf and with whose privity any such payment as in this section

is mentioned is made shall also be guilty of bribery and punishable accordingly.

50. No returning officer for any county or borough, nor his deputy, nor any partner or clerk of either of them, shall act as agent for any candidate in the management or conduct of his election as a member to serve in Parliament for such county or borough; and if any returning officer, his deputy, the partner or clerk of either of them, shall so act, he shall be guilty of a misdemeanour.

51. Whereas great inconvenience may arise from the enactments now in force limiting the duration of the Parliament in being at the demise of the Crown: be it therefore enacted, that the Parliament in being at any future demise of the Crown shall not be determined or dissolved by such demise, but shall continue so long as it would have continued but for such demise, unless it should be sooner prorogued or dissolved by the Crown, anything in the Act passed in the sixth year of her late Majesty Queen Anne, cap. 7, in any way notwithstanding.

52. Whereas it is expedient to amend the law relating to offices of profit the acceptance of which from the Crown vacates the seats of members accepting the same, but does not render them incapable of being re-elected: be it enacted, that where a person has been returned as a member to serve in Parliament since the acceptance by him from the Crown of any office described in schedule (H.) to this Act annexed, the subsequent acceptance by him from the Crown of any other office or offices described in such schedule in lieu of and in immediate succession the one to the other shall not vacate his seat.

53. Any copy of any of the said reports by the said Commissioners appointed for the purpose of making inquiry into the existence of corrupt practices in any of the said boroughs of Totnes, Great Yarmouth, Lancaster, or Reigate, with the schedules thereof annexed, and purporting to be printed by the Queen's printer, shall for the purposes of this Act be deemed to be sufficient evidence of any such report of the said Commissioners, and of the schedules annexed thereto.

54. Where separate registers of voters have been directed to be made in respect of the divisions of the borough and counties divided by this Act into two divisions only, if a vacancy take place in the representation of the said county or borough before the summoning of a future Parliament, and after the completion of such separate registers, such last-mentioned registers shall, for the purpose of any election to fill up such vacancy, be deemed together to form the register for the borough or county; and in the case of a county divided into more than two divisions the clerk of the peace shall, from the separate registers, make out a register of voters for the county or original division of the county in which the election may be about to take place, in the same manner as if no new division or divisions of such county had been made by this Act.

55. Nothing in this Act contained shall affect the rights of persons whose names are for the time being on the register of voters for any county in which the boroughs constituted by this Act are situate to vote in any election for such county in respect of any vacancy that may take place before the summoning of a future Parliament; but after such summoning no person shall be entitled to be registered as a voter, or to vote in any election for any such county, who would not be entitled to be so registered or to vote in case the qualifications held by him were situate in a borough other than one constituted by this Act. In the case of a parish wholly or partly situate within the limits of a borough constituted by this Act, the revising barrister in revising at any time before the summoning of a future Parliament the list of voters for the county in which such parish is situate shall write the word "borough" opposite to the name of each voter whose qualification in respect of the premises described in the list would not after the summoning of a future Parliament entitle such voter to vote for the county; and at any election taking place after the summoning of a future Parliament the vote of every person against whose name the word "borough" is written, if tendered in respect of such qualification, shall be rejected by the returning officer.

56. The franchises conferred by this Act shall be in addition to and not in substitution for any existing franchises; but so that no person shall be entitled to vote for the same place in respect of more than one qualification, and subject to the provisions of this Act, all laws, customs, and enactments now in force conferring any right to vote, or otherwise relating to the representation of the people in England and Wales, and the registration of persons entitled to vote, shall remain in full force, and shall apply, as nearly as circumstances admit, to any person hereby authorised to vote, and shall also apply to any constituency hereby authorised to return a member or members to Parliament as if it had heretofore returned such members to Parliament and to the franchises hereby conferred, and to the registers of voters hereby required to be formed.

57. From and after the passing of this Act, the county palatine of Lancaster shall cease to be a county palatine, in so far as respects the issue, direction, and transmission of writs for the election of members to serve in Parliament for any division of the said county or for any borough situate in the said county; and such writs may be issued under the same seal, be directed to the like officer, and transmitted in the like manner, under, to, and in which writs may be issued, directed, and transmitted in the case of divisions of counties and boroughs not forming part of or situate in a county palatine; and any writ issued, directed, and transmitted in manner directed by this section shall be valid accordingly.

58. All writs to be issued for the election of members to serve in Parliament, and all mandates, precepts, instruments, proceedings, and notices consequent upon such writs or relating to the registration of voters, shall be framed and expressed in such manner and form as may be necessary for the carrying the provisions of this Act into effect.

59. This Act, so far as is consistent with the tenor thereof, shall be construed as one with the enactments for the time being in force relating to the representation of the people and with the registration Acts; and in construing the provisions of the twenty-fourth and twenty-fifth sections of the Act of the second year of King William IV., cap. 45, the expressions "the provisions hereinafter contained," and "as aforesaid," shall be deemed to refer to the provisions of this Act conferring rights to vote as well as to the provisions of the said Act.

60. Notwithstanding anything in this Act contained, in the event of a vacancy in the representation of any constituency, or of a dissolution of Parliament taking place, and a writ or writs being issued, before Jan. 1, 1869, for the election of members to serve in the present or any new Parliament, each election shall take place in the same manner in all respects as if no alteration had been made by this Act in the franchises of electors, or in the places authorised to return a member or members to serve in Parliament, with this exception, that the boroughs by this Act disfranchised shall not be entitled to return members to serve in any such new Parliament.

THE ILLUSTRATED LONDON ALMANACK FOR 1868.

SCHEDULE (A.)				Name of County to be divided.	Division.	Parts temporarily comprised in such Division.	Places temporarily appointed for holding Courts for Election of Members.	
BOROUGHES TO RETURN ONE MEMBER ONLY IN FUTURE PARLIAMENTS.								
Honiton	Stamford	Huntingdon	Great Marlow	Essex ..	N.W. Essex	The Hundreds of Freshwell, Uttlesford, Clavering, Dunmow, Harlow, Waltham, Ongar, and Chelmsford.	Chelmsford.	
Theford	Chipping Wycombe	Maldon	Devizes					
Wells	Knareborough	Buckingham	Hertford					
Evesham	Andover	Newport (Isle of Wight)	Dorchester		N.E. Essex	The Hundreds of Hinckford, Lexden, Tendring, Winstree, Witham, Thurstable, Dengie.	Bralntree.	
Marlborough	Leominster	New Malton	Cockermouth					
Harwich	Tewkesbury	Tavistock	Bridgnorth		South Essex	The Hundreds of Becontree, Chafford, Barnstable, and Rochford, with the Liberty of Havering.	Brentwood.	
Richmond	Ludlow	Lewes	Truro					
Lymington	Ripon	Cirencester	Chichester		West Kent ..	West Kent ..	The Lathe of Sutton at Hone	Blackbeath.
Chippenham		Edmin	Windsor					
Bridport					N. Lancashire	Mid Kent ..	Remainder of the Division.	Maidstone.
					S. Lancashire	N.E. Ditto	The Hundreds of Lonsdale, Amounderness, Leyland.	Lancaster.
					Lincoln ..	S.E. Ditto	The Hundred of Blackburn.	Blackburn.
					Lincoln ..	S.W. Ditto	The Hundred of Salford.	Manchester.
				Lincoln ..	N. Lincolnshire	The Hundred of West Derby	Liverpool.	
				Lincoln ..	N. Lincolnshire	The Wapentakes, Hundreds, or Sokes of Manley, Yarrowborough, Bradley, Haverstoe, Ludborough, Walshcroft, Aslaoce, Corringham, Louth Eske, and Calceworth so much as lies within Louth Eske).	GlanfordBrigg	
				Lincoln ..	Mid Lincolnshire ..	The Wapentakes, Hundreds, or Sokes of Well, Lawress, Wraggoc, Gartree, Candleshoe, Calceworth (except so much as lies within the Hundred of Louth Eske). Hill, Bolingbroke, Horncastle, Boothby Graffoe, and Langoe and Lincoln Liberty.	Lincoln.	
				S. Lincolnshire	S. Lincolnshire	The Wapentakes, Hundreds, or Sokes of Loveden, Flaxwell, Aswardhurn, Winnibriggs and Threo, Aveiland, Beltisloe, Ness, Grantham Soke, Skirbeck, Kirton, and Holland Elloe.	Sleaford.	
				Norfolk ..	W. Norfolk	The Hundreds of Wayland, Launditch, South Greenhoe, Gallow, Brothecross, Smithden, Freebridge Lynn, Freebridge Marshland, Clackclose and Grimshoe.	Swaffham.	
				Norfolk ..	N.E. Norfolk	The Hundreds of East Flegg, West Flegg, Happung, Tunstead, Erpingham (North), Erpingham (South), Eynsford, Holt and North Greenhoe.	Aylsham.	
				Norfolk ..	S.E. Norfolk	The Hundreds of Walsham, Blofield, Henstead, Humbleyard, Loddon, Clavering, Diss, Deepwade, Earsham, Gultcross, Shropham, Taverham, Forehoe, Mitford.	Norwich.	
				Somersetshire	E. Somerset	The existing Sessional Divisions of Long Ashton, Keynsham, Weston, Axbridge, and Temple Cloud.	Bath.	
				Somersetshire	Mid Somerset	The existing Sessional Divisions of Crewkerne, Yeovil, Somerton, Shepton Mallet, Wincanton, Wells, Frome, and Kilmersdon.	Wells.	
				Somersetshire	W. Somerset	The existing Sessional Divisions of Dunster, Dulverton, Wilton, Wiveliscombe, Bishop's Lydeard, Wellington, Taunton, Bridgwater, and Ilminster.	Taunton.	
				Staffordshire	N. Staffordshire	The Hundreds of Totmonslow and Pirehill (North).	Stoke-on-Trent.	
				Staffordshire	W. Staffordshire	The Hundreds of Pirehill (S.), Cottlestone, and Seisdon.	Stafford.	
				East Surrey	E. Staffordshire	The Hundreds of Ollow (North) and Ollow (South)	Lichfield.	
				East Surrey	East Surrey	The Hundred of Tandridge, and so much of the Hundred of Wallington as includes and lies to the east of the Parishes of Croydon and Sanderstead, and so much of the Hundred of Brixton as includes and lies to the east of the Parishes of Streatham, Clapham, Lambeth.	Croydon.	
				Yorkshire, W. Riding	Mid Surrey	The remainder of the present Division.	Kingston-on-Thames.	
				Yorkshire, W. Riding	N. Division	The Hundreds of Ewecross and Staincliffe, Claro, Skyrack, Barkstone Ash, and Osgoldcross.	Leeds.	
				Yorkshire, W. Riding	Mid Division	The Hundred of Morley.	Bradford.	
				Yorkshire, W. Riding	S. Division	The Hundreds of Agbrigg, Strafforth and Tickhill, and Staincross.	Wakefield.	

SCHEDULE (B.)
NEW BOROUGHES.

County.	Places to be Boroughs.	Temporary Contents or Boundaries.
Middlesex ..	Chelsea ..	Parishes of Chelsea, Fulham, Hammersmith, and Kensington.
Durham ..	Darlington ..	Townships of Darlington, Haughton-le-Skerne, and Cockerton.
	The Hartlepoons	Municipal Borough of Hartlepool. Townships of Throston, Stranton, and Seaton Carew.
	Stockton ..	Municipal Borough of Stockton and the Township of Thornaby.
Kent ..	Gravesend ..	Parishes of Gravesend, Milton, and Northfleet.
Lancashire	Burnley ..	Townships of Burnley and Habergham Eaves.
Lancashire & Cheshire	Staleybridge ..	Municipal Borough of Staleybridge, remaining portion of Township of Dukinfield, Township of Staley, and the District of the Local Board of Health of Mossley.
Staffordshire	Wednesbury ..	Parishes of Wednesbury, West Bromwich, and Tipton.
Yorkshire, N. Riding	Middlesborough	Township of Linthorpe, and so much of the Townships of Middlesborough, Ormsby, and Eston as lie to the north of the road leading from Eston towards Yarm.
Yorkshire, W. Riding	Dewsbury ..	The Townships of Dewsbury, Batley, and Soothill.

SCHEDULE (C.)

NEW BOROUGHES FORMED BY DIVISION OF THE BOROUGH OF THE TOWER HAMLETS.

Name of Borough.	Places comprised in the Borough.
Tower Hamlets	The Parish of St. George's-in-the-East, the Hamlet of Mile-end Old Town, the Poplar Union, the Stepney Union, the Whitechapel Union, and the Tower of London.
Hackney ..	The Parish of St. John, Hackney; the Parish of St. Matthew, Bethnal-green; and the Parish of St. Leonard, Shoreditch.

SCHEDULE (D.)

COUNTIES TO BE DIVIDED.

Name of County to be divided.	Division.	Parts temporarily comprised in such Division.	Places temporarily appointed for holding Courts for Election of Members.
Cheshire ..	N. Cheshire	The Hundred of Macclesfield	Macclesfield.
	Mid Cheshire	The Hundreds of Bucklow and Northwich.	Knutsford.
	S. Cheshire	The Hundreds of Broxton, Eddisbury, Nantwich, and Wirral; and also the City and County of the City of Chester.	Chester.
Derbyshire ..	N. Derbyshire	The Hundred of High Peak, and the Wapentake of Worksworth.	Bakewell.
	S. Derbyshire	The Hundreds of Repton and Gresley, Morleston and Litchurch, and Appletree.	Derby.
Devonshire ..	E. Derbyshire	The Hundred of Scarsdale.	Chesterfield.
	N. Devonshire	The Hundreds of Bampton, Braunton, Crediton, Hartland, Hayridge, Hemyock, North Tawton, Shebbear, Sherwill, South Molton, Tiverton, Winkleigh, Witheridge, and West Budleigh	South Molton.
	E. Devonshire	The Hundreds of Axminster, Glaston, Colyton, East Budleigh, Exminster, Ottery St. Mary, Haytor, Teignbridge, and also the Castle of Exeter and the Hundred of Wotford, except such parts of the Hundred as are included in the limits of the City and County of Exeter by the 2nd and 3rd Will. IV., cap. 64.	Castle of Exeter.
	S. Devonshire	The Hundreds of Black Torrington, Ermington, Lifton Plympton, Roborough, Stanborough and Coteridge, and Tavistock.	Plymouth.

(Continued on page 41.)

THE ILLUSTRATED LONDON ALMANACK FOR 1868.

SCHEDULE (E.)

To A.B.

City for Borough of
 Take notice that you will not be entitled to have your name inserted in the list of voters for this city [or borough] now about to be made in respect of the premises in your occupation in [street or place] unless you pay on or before July 20 next all the poor rates which have become due from you in respect of such premises up to Jan. 5 last, amounting to £ and if you omit to make such payment you will be incapable of being on the next register of voters for this city [or borough].

Dated the day of June, 18
 C.D., E.F., Overseers; or, G.H., Assistant Overseer; or I.K., Collector.

SCHEDULE (G.)

FORM NO. I.—CLAIM OF LODGER.

Borough of

To the Overseers of the Parish of

I hereby claim to be inserted in the list of voters in respect of the occupation of the under-mentioned lodgings, and the particulars of my qualification are stated in the columns below:—

Christian Name and Surname at full length.	Profession, Trade or Calling.	Description of Lodgings.	Description of House in which Lodgings situate with Number, if any, and Name of Street.	Name, Description, and Residence of Landlord or other Person to whom Rent paid.

I the above-named hereby declare that I have been during the twelve months immediately preceding the last day of July in this year the occupier as sole tenant of the above-mentioned lodgings, and that I have resided therein during the twelve months immediately preceding the said last day of July, and that such lodgings are of a clear yearly value, if let unfurnished, of £10 or upwards.

This claim must bear date Aug. 1 or some day subsequent thereto, and must be delivered to the overseers after the last day of July, and on or before Aug. 25.

PUBLIC ACTS OF PARLIAMENT PASSED IN 1867, IN THE 30TH AND 31ST YEARS OF HER MAJESTY'S REIGN.

* * * The figure before each Act denotes the chapter, and the date after each Act records the exact time of passing.

1. An Act to further continue the 29 Vic., c. 1, intitled an Act to empower the Lord Lieutenant or other chief governor or governors of Ireland to apprehend, and detain for a limited time, such persons as he or they shall suspect of conspiring against her Majesty's person or government. Feb. 26. This Act suspends the Habeas Corpus in Ireland.
2. An Act for removing doubts as to the validity of certain marriages between British subjects at Odessa. March 29.
3. An Act for the union of Canada, Nova Scotia, and New Brunswick, and the government thereof; and for purposes connected therewith. March 29.
4. An Act to apply the sum of £369,118 5s. 6d. out of the Consolidated Fund to the service of the years ending March 31, 1866, and March 31, 1867. March 29.
5. An Act to repeal the duties of assessed taxes on dogs, and to impose in lieu thereof a duty of excise. March 29. This Act imposes a tax of 5s. a year on every dog kept.
6. An Act for the establishment in the metropolis of asylums for the sick, insane, and other classes of the poor, and of dispensaries; and for the distribution over the metropolis of portions of the charge for poor relief; and for other purposes relating to poor relief in the metropolis. March 29.
7. An Act to apply the sum of £7,924,000 out of the Consolidated Fund to the service of the year ending March 31, 1868. April 5.
8. An Act for facilitating in certain cases the proceedings of the Commissioners appointed to make inquiry respecting trades unions and other associations of employers or workmen. April 5.
9. An Act to open the professorships of anatomy and chirurgery, chemistry, and botany, in the University of Dublin, to all persons, irrespective of their religious creed; and to amend the 40 Geo. III. (Ireland), c. 84. April 5.
10. An Act to amend the law relating to the duties and drawbacks on sugar. April 5.
11. An Act to facilitate the recovery of arrears of alimony in certain cases under decrees and orders of the provincial and diocesan courts in Ireland. April 12.
12. An Act to amend the law relating to criminal lunatics. April 12.
13. An Act for punishing mutiny and desertion, and for the better payment of the Army and their quarters. April 13.
14. An Act for the regulation of her Majesty's Royal Marine Forces while on shore. April 12. This and the preceding statute are the annual mutiny Acts.
15. An Act for the abolition of certain exemptions from local dues on shipping, and on goods carried in ships. April 12.
16. An Act for authorising a guarantee of interest on a loan to be raised by Canada towards the construction of a railway connecting Quebec and Halifax. April 12.
17. An Act to regulate the court and office of the Lyon King of Arms in Scotland, and the emoluments of the officers of the same. May 3.
18. An Act for the preservation and further protection of oyster fisheries. May 3.
19. An Act to amend the Petty Sessions Act (Ireland), 1851, as to the backing of warrants. May 31.
20. An Act to authorise the inclosure of certain lands in pursuance of a report of the Inclosure Commissioners for England and Wales. May 31. This Act incloses Chard, Somersetshire; Chippenham and Langley Burrell, Wiltshire; Colkirk, Tatterford, and Fakenham, Norfolk; Dawlish, Devonshire; Saint Pinnoek, Cornwall; Manley and Greasby, Cheshire; Shap, Westmorland; Boughton, Nottinghamshire; and Crimscott and Whimstone, Warwickshire.
21. An Act to confirm certain provisional orders under "the Local Government Act, 1858," relating to the districts of Gainsborough, Farsley, Bideford, Canterbury, Chepping Wycombe, Worthing, and Wednesfield; and for other purposes relative to certain districts under the same Act. May 31.

22. An Act to confirm a provisional order under "the Land Drainage Act, 1861." May 31.
23. An Act to grant and alter certain duties of Customs and Inland Revenue, and for other purposes relating thereto. May 31.
24. An Act to amend the 28 and 29 Vic., c. 61, for providing a further sum towards defraying the expenses of constructing fortifications for the protection of the Royal arsenals and dockyards, and the ports of Dover and Portland, and of creating a central arsenal. May 31.
25. An Act to further continue till March 1, 1868, the 29 Vic., c. 1, intitled an Act to empower the Lord Lieutenant or other chief governor or governors of Ireland to apprehend, and detain for a limited time such persons as he or they shall suspect of conspiring against her Majesty's person or government. May 31.
26. An Act to provide for the conversion of £24,000,000 of the National Debt into Terminable Annuities. May 31.
27. An Act to allow warehoused British spirits to be bottled for home consumption. June 17.
28. An Act to amend "the Labouring Classes Dwellings Act, 1866." June 17.
29. An Act to amend the law in respect of the sale and purchase of shares in Joint-stock Banking Companies. June 17.
30. An Act to apply the sum of £14,000,000 out of the Consolidated Fund to the service of the year ending March 31, 1868. June 17.
31. An Act for raising the sum of £1,700,000 by Exchequer Bonds for the service of the year ending March 31, 1868. June 17.
32. An Act to authorise further advances of money out of the Consolidated Fund for carrying on public works and fisheries, and for the employment of the poor; for the purposes of the Public Works (manufacturing district) Acts, 1863, 1864; and to amend the Acts authorising advances for public works. June 17.
33. An Act for confirming certain provisional orders made by the Board of Trade under the General Pier and Harbour Act, 1861, relating to Balbriggan, Cromer, Dingwall, Girvan, Rosheay, and Seaford. June 17.
34. An Act for limiting to twelve years the period of enlistment in her Majesty's Army. June 20.
35. An Act to remove some defects in the administration of the criminal law. June 29.
36. An Act to authorise the quarter sessions of the peace for the borough and city of Chester and county of the same city, and the portmote and pentice courts for the city of Chester, to be held at the castle of Chester, and to confer additional powers upon the Sheriff of the county of Chester in execution of the Sheriff of the city of Chester. July 15.
37. An Act to amend and consolidate the Public Libraries Acts (Scotland). July 15.
38. An Act for the preservation of Bunhill Fields burial ground, in the county of Middlesex, as an open space; and for purposes relating thereto. July 15.
39. An Act for amending the law with respect to the accounts of the receiver for the metropolitan police district; and for other purposes relating to the metropolitan police. July 15.
40. An Act to authorise the Commissioners of her Majesty's Works and Public Buildings to acquire lands for the purposes of the New Palace at Westminster, and to construct an embankment on the north shore of the river Thames, in the parish of St. John the Evangelist, Westminster. July 15.
41. An Act to make further provision for the enlargement of the National Gallery. July 15.
42. An Act to amend the law relating to the landlord's right to hypothec in Scotland, in so far as respects land held for agricultural or grazing purposes. July 15.
43. An Act to confirm a provisional order under "the Drainage and Improvement of Lands (Ireland) Act, 1863," and the Acts amending the same. July 15.
44. An Act to amend the constitution, practice, and procedure of the Court of Chancery in Ireland. July 15.
45. An Act to extend and amend the Vice-Admiralty Courts Act, 1863. July 15.
46. An Act to amend the law relating to the office of County Treasurer in Ireland. July 15.
47. An Act to amend the Companies Act, 1862, and also the Act passed in the Session of 23 and 24 Vic., intitled an Act to simplify and amend the practice as to the entry of satisfaction on Crown debts and on judgments. July 15.
48. An Act for amending the law of auctions on estates. July 15.
49. An Act to confirm a certain provisional order under "the Local Government Act, 1858," relating to the district of Halifax; and for other purposes relative to the said district under that Act. July 15.
50. An Act to afford further facilities for the erection of certain bridges in Ireland. July 15.
51. An Act to appoint additional Commissioners for executing the Acts for granting a land tax and other rates and taxes. July 15.
52. An Act to alter and amend the Acts relating to the British white-herring fishery. July 15.
53. An Act to authorise the Commissioners of her Majesty's Treasury to compound the public debt and interest due by the Limerick Harbour Commissioners, and to make arrangements for the payment of the amount for which such debt is to be compounded; and for the transfer of Wellesley Bridge, in the city of Limerick, to the Commissioners of Public Works; and for other purposes. July 15.
54. An Act to amend the law of charitable donations and bequests in Ireland. July 15.
55. An Act to enlarge for the present year the time within which certain certificates regarding lunatics in Scotland may be granted. July 15.
56. An Act to authorise the Commissioners of her Majesty's Treasury to compound the public debt and interest due by the Galway Harbour Commissioners, and to make arrangements for the payment of the amounts for which such debt and another debt are to be compounded; and for other purposes. July 15.
57. An Act to authorise the Commissioners of her Majesty's Treasury to compound the public debt due by the Commissioners of the bridge across the River Blackwater, near the town of Youghal, in the county of Cork, and for the transfer of the said bridge to the grand juries of the counties of Cork and Waterford; and for other purposes relating thereto. July 15.
58. An Act to confirm a provisional order under the General Police and Improvement (Scotland) Act, 1862, relating to the city of Edinburgh. July 15.
59. An Act for further promoting the revision of the statute law by repealing certain enactments which have ceased to be in force or have become unnecessary. July 15.

(Continued on page 44.)