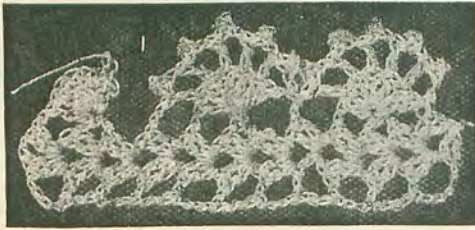


CROCHET TRIMMINGS.



No. 1. Make a loop: then make 3 chain: take a long stitch into the loop: make 2 chain: make two long stitches into the same loop.

Reverse work, and holding it firmly with your thumb make 5 chain: make two long stitches into the loop formed by the 2 chain of previous row: make 2 chain: make two long stitches into the same loop.

Reverse work (as before): make 5 chain: catch the one on your hook into the first of



the 5 chain (to form a round loop): make two long stitches into the loop of the last row: make 2 chain: make two long stitches into the same loop: put the thread twice round needle into last chain in previous row.

Reverse work. 5 chain: two long stitches into the loop formed by the two stitches of the previous row: 2 chain: two more long stitches into previous row: 2 chain: 6 long stitches into the round loop: catch into the first long stitch.

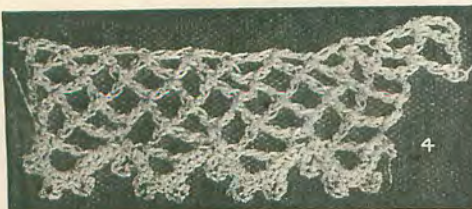


Reverse work. Make 4 chain, catching the last one into the first of the four: make one long stitch into the second long stitch. Repeat five times: 2 chain: 2 long into loop of previous row: 2 chain: 2 long: 1 double long to last row.

No. 2. Make 5 chain: make a long stitch into the first chain-stitch: 7 chain.

Reverse work: 1 long stitch into second of the 7 chain: 1 chain: 1 long stitch into first of 7 chain: 1 chain: 5 long into the first loop made by 5 chain.

Reverse work: 5 chain: 1 long stitch between the last two long stitches: 1 chain: 1 long between the two next long stitches: 1 chain: 1 long between the two next long



stitches: 2 chain: 1 long between next two long stitches.

Reverse work, and repeat like last row.

No. 3. 6 chain: 5 chain: 1 long into last of the six: 1 chain: 1 long into next chain-stitch: 1 chain: 1 long into next chain-stitch: 3 chain: 1 long into first of the 6 chain.

No. 4. 6 chain: 1 long into first chain. Reverse work: 5 chain: 1 long into last long stitch: 2 chain 1 long into third chain of the 6 chain: 2 chain: one loose long into the same as last: Reverse: 5 chain: 1 long into last loose long: 2 chain: 1 long to form square: 2 chain: 1 long: 2 chain: 1 long.

Reverse 5 chain: 1 long into last long: repeat to end of row: reverse to form 4 squares: reverse.

The edging to this No. 4 is put on after you have worked as much of the length as you require, thus: Put in a short stitch into top, and form the loop by making 4 chain and catching into top of the short stitch, then catch into the loop at the point, and pull all through together: 1 short stitch: 4 chain, and repeat as before to form the little knotted edging.

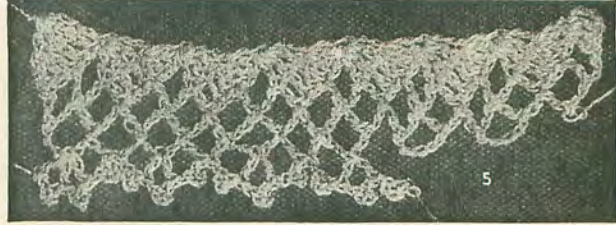
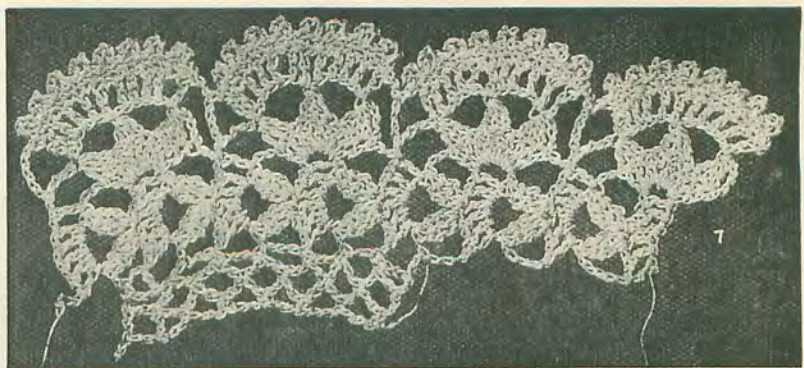
No. 5. This is worked as No. 4, only filling in the side to sew on the edging with close work to form half a diamond shape: add light edging if preferred.

No. 6. Worked like No. 2, adding for insertion.

No. 7. This looks a complicated pattern, but is very easy when once learnt. It is worked in the same way as No. 1, thus:

Rules.—10 chain: 1 long into fifth chain-stitch: 1 chain: 1 long five times.

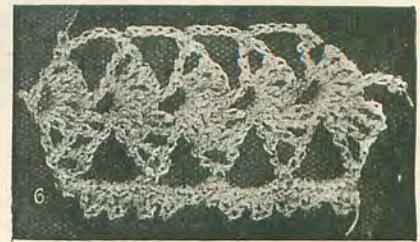
* Reverse work: 5 chain, make a double long stitch into the top of the middle one of the five long stitches of the previous row—for the tiny leaf (*i.e.*, thread twice round the needle), but before pulling the last two threads off the needle make another double long chain (not pulling through the two threads left on your crochet-needle), make a third double long stitch and pull thread firmly through the two threads on your needle, thus forming a sort of tiny leaf: 5 chain: another tiny leaf, like the last. Then make 3 chain, and then 9 long stitches into the loop. Then 1 chain. (Reverse work, and catch into former pattern after this first pattern.)



Reverse work: 3 chain. Now form three points, thus: 1 double long stitch (but only pull the first two threads through): twist thread round needle and make a short double stitch into the next stitch, then twist round needle and take a short double stitch into the next stitch to the one you last used. You will now have five loops on your needle, draw the thread through them all.

Reverse work: 3 chain, and then make 1 long 1 chain ten times.

Reverse work: 2 chain: 1 short double stitch: 4 chain: catch into the head of double stitch, then into last row, and pull the thread through all to make the pearl edging. Repeat ten times and end off with a double stitch. Make 5 chain: make a long double into the point (nearest of the three points): 1 chain:



1 long into point of leaf: 1 chain, 1 long into the loop between the leaves five times.

Reverse work: 5 chain, and repeat from star*.

If this edging is wanted for a dressing-table cover, No. 16 Ardern's crochet-cotton, in skeins, is a good one to use. But if for children's pinafores or under-garments, from 20 to 36 is nice. Many people prefer working with crochet-cotton on reels. I have worked some for fine trimmings with ordinary sewing-cotton (not glazed).

The pattern can be made wider by adding either the netting pattern (as in the copy), or the leaf pattern.

I hope that working these patterns may prove as pleasant and useful an occupation to my readers as it had done to myself.